



Vegetation Maps of the Hanford Reach, Columbia River

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March 1980

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This volume was prepared as part of a study of resources of the Hanford Reach of the Columbia Engineers has been directed by Congress to stud develop a plan for future use of the Columbia Franklin Lock, Dam and Reservoir alternative. resources and uses of the reach are necessary to information for the study of alternative uses.	aquatic and riparian River. The US Army Corps of y the Hanford Reach to liver and to evaluate the Ben Identification of existing

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Major plant communities recognized along the Hanford Reach are summarized in Table 1. A description of the different kinds of plant communities along the Hanford Reach may be found in the report which this volume supplements. Riparian vegetation is differentiated from nonriparian vegetation primarily based on the judgment that riparian vegetation is dependent upon a source of water other than rainfall for its survival. On the shores of the Hanford Reach, these sources of water are the Columbia River, spring seeps and waste water return ditches and canals associated with the Bureau of Reclamation's Columbia Basin Irrigation projects.

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INTRODUCTION

This volume was prepared as part of a study of aquatic and riparian resources of the Hanford Reach of the Columbia River. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers has been directed by Congress to study the Hanford Reach to develop a plan for future use of the Columbia River and to evaluate the Ben Franklin Lock, Dam and Reservoir alternative. Identification of existing resources and uses of the reach are necessary to provide background information for the study of alternative uses.

The aerial photographs in this volume, taken in August 1979 and provided by the Corps of Engineers, were used as the basis for mapping shoreline vegetation along the Hanford Reach, from the City of Richland to Priest Rapids Dam. Ground-truthing was performed in October 1979, and a series of ground-level photographs were taken to help verify the mapping. The shoreline and islands were visited, and notes were made of the dominant plant species and their rooting substrates. Preliminary maps showing community types were prepared using natural color and infrared (false-color) photographs obtained from other sources. Additional ground-truthing was done in late December 1979 to help refine the preliminary boundaries.

Major plant communities recognized along the Hanford Reach are summarized in Table 1. A description of the different kinds of plant communities along the Hanford Reach may be found in the report which this volume supplements.(a) Riparian vegetation is differentiated from nonriparian vegetation primarily based on the judgment that riparian vegetation is dependent upon a source of water other than rainfall for its survival. On the shores of the Hanford Reach, these sources of water are the Columbia River, spring seeps and waste-water return ditches and canals associated with the Bureau of Reclamation's Columbia Basin Irrigation projects.

Riparian vegetation is listed for Categories 1 through 4 of Table 1. Vegetation in Categories 1 and 3 is found in small, isolated patches on the Hanford Reach, with the exception of common spikerush (Eleocharis palustris), which is abundant along the river's edge. Vegetation in Categories 2 and 4 are found extensively along shorelines and slough areas. Nonriparian vegetation has been divided into four categories describing vegetation on island cobble substrates (Category 5), upland silt loam substrates (Category 6A), island sand or silt loam substrates (Category 7).

Other vegetation on the Hanford Reach not listed in Table 1 includes crops growing in agricultural fields located along the eastern shore downstream from

⁽a) Fickeisen, D. H., D. D. Dauble, D. A. Neitzel, W. H. Rickard, R. L. Skaggs and J. L. Warren. 1980. <u>Aquatic and Riparian Resource Study of the Hanford Reach, Columbia River, Washington</u>. Report to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District, Seattle, Washington by Battelle, Pacific Northwest Laboratories, Richland, WA.

Ringold Flats and scattered clumps of exotic trees planted in the 1930's and earlier marking the location of abandoned farmsteads. These groups are present on both sides of the river and usually consist of single rows of black locust (Robinia pseudo-acacia), lombardy poplar, Russian olive (Elaeagnus angustifolia), Siberian elm (Elmus pumila) or white mulberry (Morus alba) areas. Nonvegetated areas such as the steep walls of White Bluffs that drop directly into the river are also found on the Hanford Reach.

Characteristic Vegetation on the Hanford Reach of the Columbia River Table 1.

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u c	a ard	thes of of	cat cat ed a s, a 400	lent S, J F sl Joh, l in s in s orel
Location	ingold Flats area and seeps; found above and below 400' contour	larrow zone all along shores; patches on shallow tips of land; all found below 400' contour	ver; velop elop Flat	est development at Ringold Flats, Jap slough, 100 F slough Hanford slough, Whit Bluffs slough, 100 E gravel bar; in small amounts along the mall found below 400' contour
μος	07 d F 05; 1	arrow zc shores; shallow all four	mall iso along ri best dev Ringold found be	deve deve gh, ord fs s el b nts land foun
	Ringold Flats area and seeps; found above and below 400' contour	Narrow zone all along shores; patches on shallow tips of land all found below 400' contour	Small isolated patches along river; cat-tails best developed at Ringold Flats, all found below 400' contour	Best development at Ringold Flats, Jap slough, 100 F slough, Hanford slough, White Bluffs slough, 100 D gravel bar; in small amounts along the main & islands shorelines; all found below 400' contour
		_		
	Permanently inundated; little water level fluctuations daily or seasonally	Frequently inundated by daily water level fluctuations	Frequently wetted by daily water level fluctuations	ons
Water Level Fluctuations	ermanently inundat little water level fluctuations daily seasonally	nund ter is	ette lev s	Periodically wetted by daily water level fluctuations
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Species	SS	smartweed speedwell	t-ta iker	canarygrass n witchgras barnyard g r blooming ar willow r mulberryET an oliveET
S	-cress		n ca n sp sh	cana n wi bar r bl ar w mul
	water	water water	common cat-tail common spikerush bulrush	reed canarygrass common witchgrass large barnyard grass sunwer blooming forbs sandbar willow poplar white mulberryET russian oliveET
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Category	-	~	m	4
ري	1,			
ļ	Wet			

Goldenrod, sneezeweed, Columbia coreopsis, conyza, gaillardia, aster, chives, common yellow sweet-clover, Oregon golden-aster, Columbia River grindelia, creeping buttercup. ¹Summer blooming forbs include:

ET = Exotic Tree

NOTE: Areas not marked represent vegetation too small to delineate.

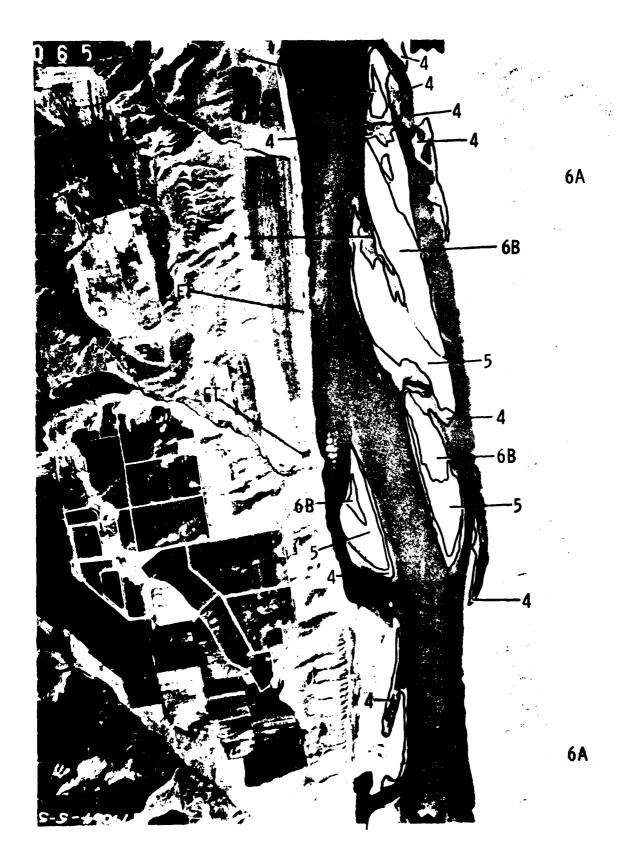
Shoreline areas unmarked consist of Category 4.

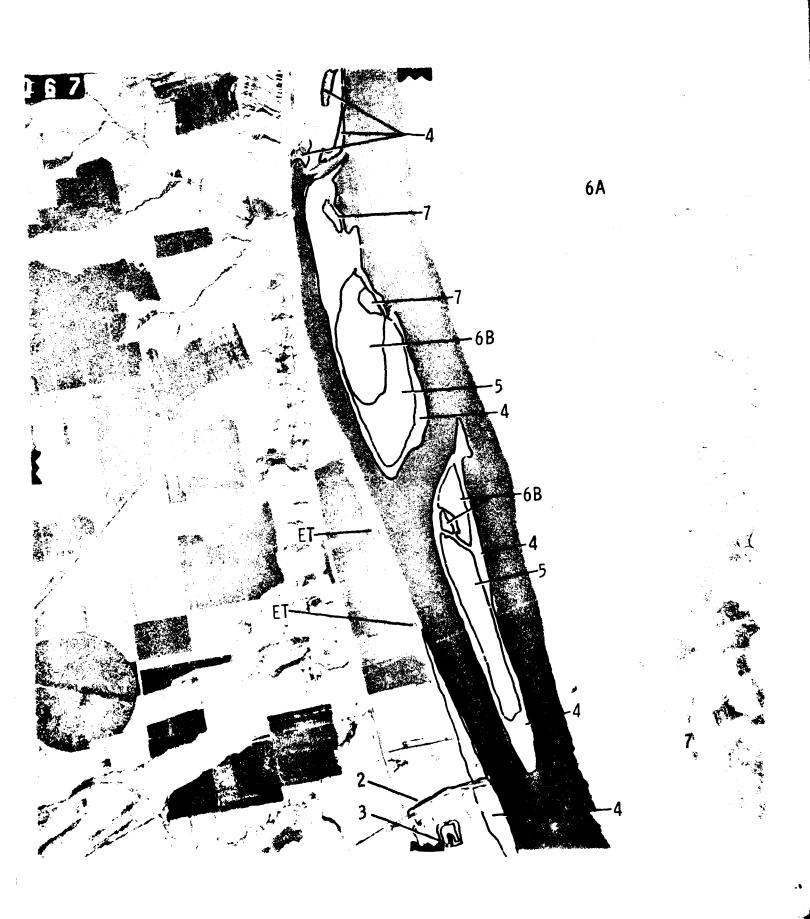
Table 1. (contd)

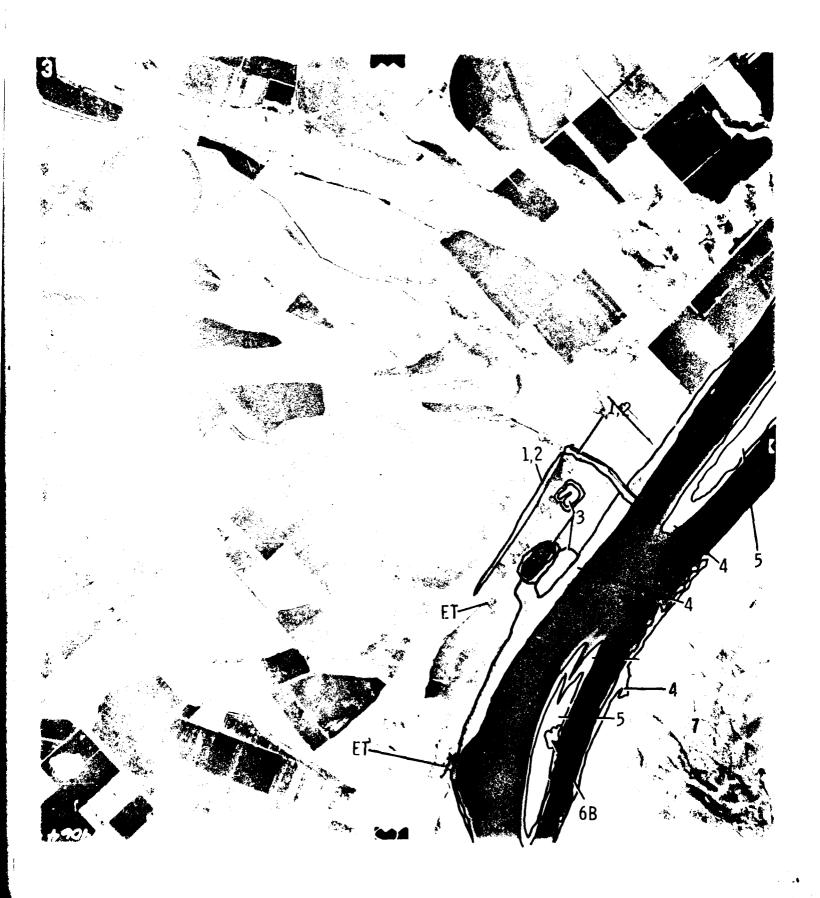
ory Species		Subs	Substrate	Water Level Fluctuations	Location
s absinthium northern buckwheat lupine sand dropseed	absinthium northern buckwheat lupine sand dropseed		cobble	Wetted only during annual flood periods	Scattered locations along the river and islands, 100 D gravel bar, 100 F area, 100 B-C area; all found below 400' contour
big sagebrush bitter-brush common rabbit-brush spiny hopsage cheat grass Sandberg's bluegrass Jim Hill mustard western tansymustard	UPLAND SEMI-ARID big sagebrush bitter-brush common rabbit-brush spiny hopsage cheat grass Sandberg's bluegrass Jim Hill mustard western tansymustard		silt loam	Not wetted by river even at flood stage	Lands on the Hanford Site and slopes above Ringold Flats; found above and below 400'
6B ISLAND SEMI-ARID thick-spiked wheatgrass giant wildrye yarrow cheat grass	ARID wheatgrass e		silt-sand loam	silt-sand Not wetted by river loam even at flood stage	Lands on the Hanford Site and slopes above Ringold Flats; found above and below 400' contour
7 lance-leaf scurf-pea pale evening-primrose thick-spiked wheatgrass winged dock			sand	Not wetted by river even at flood stage	West bank of the river opposite island 11; found above and below 400' contour















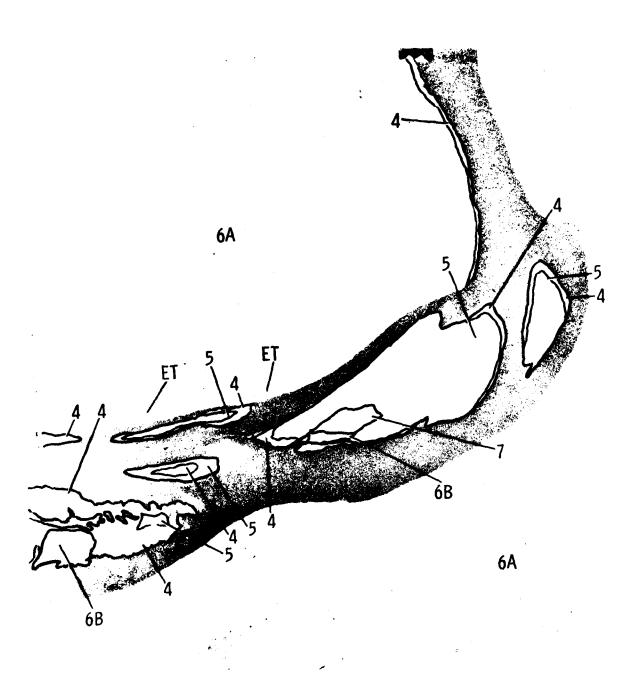












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